ROBERT P. CASEY, JR. PENNSYLVANIA

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SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGING

United States Senate

WASHINGTON, DC 20510

June 20, 2024

Doug McMillon President and CEO Walmart 702 SW 8th St Bentonville, Arkansas 72716

Dear Mr. McMillon,

As families across the country struggle with household costs, I write to understand your company's pricing decisions on thousands of the items which you sell. Over the last couple of years, Americans' budgets have been squeezed by rising prices, especially on everyday items. However, even as inflation has fallen, prices for groceries and other household items have not. While Walmart's recent decisions to lower prices are welcome, I have questions about pricing decisions in recent years, the extent of current price decreases, and what Walmart will do to ensure its items remain fairly priced for consumers.

As the Chairman of the U.S. Senate Subcommittee on Children and Families and the Senate Special Committee on Aging, I have been examining the impact of price increases on American families for nearly a year.³ I have found widespread "greedflation," corporations using the cover of inflation to raise prices on consumers to increase corporate profits. Between June 30, 2020, and June 30, 2022, corporate profits rose by 75 percent—five times as fast as inflation. Corporate profit growth accounted for all inflation from July 2020 to July 2021.⁴ As a result, an average Pennsylvania family paid \$3,194 in 2021 and \$3,546 extra in 2022 – nearly \$7,000 total – just toward greedflation.

Walmart appeared to benefit from this, as did many other American corporations. Over that time period, as families were struggling with high costs, Walmart saw its quarterly profits increase by 10 percent. Annualized quarterly profits remain about 25 percent higher than they were prepandemic. Though you as Walmart's CEO acknowledged last November that goods prices would soon begin to "deflate" and that this would be good news for average Americans, recent announcements from other large retailers raise questions about whether pricing decisions are

¹ https://fortune.com/2024/05/28/amazon-walmart-target-price-cuts-inflation/

² For example: https://corporate.walmart.com/news/2024/03/04/easter-savings-hop-to-walmart-featuring-an-easter-meal-priced-lower-than-2023

³ https://www.casev.senate.gov/greedflation

⁴ https://www.kansascityfed.org/research/economic-bulletin/corporate-profitscontributed-a-lot-to-inflation-in-2021-but-little-in-2022/

 $^{^{5}\ \}underline{https://www.macrotrends.net/stocks/charts/WMT/walmart/gross-profit}$

⁶ https://wolfstreet.com/2023/11/16/walmart-consumers-no-longer-willing-to-pay-whatever-prices-of-goods-fall-broadly-as-inflation-shifted-to-services/

being made to reflect economic conditions or simply to respond to negative attention for corporate profiteering.

Besides reports showing that Walmart has been experiencing considerable profits for years, official data show that the US has not experienced any major inflation in goods for some time. According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis' Personal Consumption Expenditure inflation measure, the price of goods economy-wide has *deflated* since last September. ⁷ Given the slowdown in the price of goods since at least late summer of 2023, Americans should have been seeing decreases in prices for many products for over a year. This reaffirms that the price increases that consumers have been confronted with have not been inflationary increases, but instead, greedflation-related increases. It is now readily apparent that corporations have long had the ability to lower consumers' costs and still turn a profit.

Americans deserve to pay fair prices, and corporations must be held accountable for taking advantage of working families. I therefore ask you to please provide answers to the following questions by no later than July 20, 2024, to allow me to better understand pricing decisions and to provide transparency to Walmart customers in Pennsylvania and across the country:

- 1. Please provide information on the anticipated duration of the announced price decreases. What factors led to these decreases and how long can customers expect them to last?
- 2. Please provide the following data:
 - a. The total number of products sold by Walmart;
 - b. The number of products for which Walmart has lowered prices in the last year; and
 - c. The number of products for which Walmart has increased prices in the last year.
- 3. From 2020 to present, please explain the factors that contributed to corporate pricing decisions, including price increases and decreases. Has Walmart increased prices in excess of inflation?
- 4. I released a report examining shrinkflation, when big corporations downsize products without adjusting prices or notifying consumers. For the products for which Walmart has recently announced price decreases, please confirm that the size of the packages and the quantity of the products will remain the same. Please list any product for which the size or quantity of the product will be reduced in conjunction with the pricing decrease.
- 5. How does Walmart work with other brands that are sold in store to monitor pricing and product size decisions?

⁷https://apps.bea.gov/iTable/?reqid=19&step=3&isuri=1&1921=survey&1903=84&_gl=1*12tyux3*_ga*ODgwMjczODczLjE3MTg1NDgzODM.* ga_J4698JNNFT*MTcxODU0ODM4My4xLjEuMTcxODU0ODQyNS4xOC4wLj

⁸ https://www.casey.senate.gov/news/releases/less-bang-for-your-buck-casey-releases-shrinkflation-report-exposing-big-corporations-for-reducing-product-size-while-keeping-prices-high

Thank you for your attention to this matter. If you or your staff have questions, please contact Corey Husak at Corey Husak@casey.senate.gov or 202-228-5078.

Sincerely,

Robert P. Casey, Jr.

United States Senator
Chairman Subcommittee of

Chairman, Subcommittee on

Children and Families